

A Survey Paper on Timetable Generator Using AI Methods

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Abstract

This research paper discusses an innovative Automated Timetable Generator leveraging the synergistic capabilities of AI and advanced optimization algorithms. Automated Timetable Generator leveraging Decision Tree, K-Means Clustering, and Random Forest algorithms for efficient scheduling. The Decision Tree algorithm is employed to classify and allocate time slots based on predefined constraints, ensuring that scheduling conflicts are minimized. K-Means Clustering is utilized to group subjects, faculty, and students based on similarities, optimizing resource allocation. The Random Forest model further enhances the accuracy and efficiency of scheduling by analyzing multiple possible allocations and selecting the best-fit timetable while ensuring fairness and balancing workload distribution. The Automated Timetable Generator aims to efficiently generate conflict-free timetables for second-year, third-year, and final-year engineering students, considering their divisions, subject allocations, available faculty, classrooms, and practical labs. This system automates the scheduling process, ensuring that no two subjects, teachers, or classrooms overlap while optimizing resource utilization. By reviewing different research paper, we identify the techniques, the automated timetable generator can efficiently handle complex scheduling requirements, reduce manual intervention, and produce balanced timetables that meet institutional constraints and preferences.

Keywords: Automated Timetable Generator, Conflict-free scheduling, AI, Permutation, Resource Optimization, Academic Timetabling.

1. Introduction

In educational institutions, managing timetables manually is a complex and time-consuming process, often leading to scheduling conflicts, inefficient resource utilization, and administrative burdens. The Automated Timetable Generator is designed to streamline this process by generating optimized and conflict-free schedules for second-year, third-year, and final-year engineering students. The system takes into account various constraints such as subject allocations, faculty availability, classroom assignments, and practical lab sessions to ensure a structured and efficient timetable. To enhance accuracy and prevent scheduling conflicts, the system employs an automated algorithm-based approach that

intelligently assigns subjects, teachers, and classrooms while ensuring no overlaps. Additionally, it generates separate timetables for faculty members and practical labs, optimizing resource distribution and preventing double bookings. A detailed feasibility analysis has confirmed that the system is practical from operational, technical, and economic perspectives. This ensures that it can be efficiently developed and implemented to meet institutional scheduling requirements. Moving forward, the focus will be on refining the system by gathering feedback from stakeholders, improving its algorithmic efficiency, and enhancing the user interface for seamless timetable management. By fostering

collaboration and continuous improvements, this project aims to provide an effective, user-friendly, and scalable solution for academic scheduling. The Automated Timetable Generator successfully creates conflict-free schedules for second-year, third-year, and final-year students, ensuring optimal faculty, classroom, and lab allocations. It eliminates overlapping schedules, balances faculty workload, and optimizes resource utilization. The system features a user-friendly web-based interface with role-based access for students, faculty, and administrators. By automating scheduling, it reduces manual effort, minimizes errors, and enhances accuracy through real-time validation. The solution is scalable and flexible, allowing easy modifications without disrupting existing schedules. Tested and validated through faculty and administrator feedback, the system meets operational, technical, and economic feasibility requirements.

2. Literature Survey

"Automating Timetable Generation with Conflict Resolution Algorithms in Web-Based Systems for Educational Institutions", This paper presents a web-based system that automates timetable creation while resolving scheduling conflicts. It ensures that classes, faculty, and resources are efficiently allocated. The system improves accuracy and reduces manual effort. The research focuses on algorithm-based conflict resolution to prevent overlapping schedules. [1] "A Dynamic Approach", The paper explores how genetic algorithms, inspired by natural selection, can optimize course scheduling. It dynamically adjusts schedules to fit faculty availability, classroom constraints, and student needs. The method reduces conflicts and enhances resource utilization. The study highlights how evolutionary computing can improve traditional scheduling approaches.[2] "A Comprehensive Analysis of, Automated Timetabling Solutions", This study reviews various automated timetabling techniques used in educational institutions. It compares traditional and AI-based scheduling methods, evaluating their efficiency and adaptability. The paper discusses challenges such as handling multiple constraints and optimizing faculty and classroom assignments. It highlights emerging trends in timetable automation.[3] "A Comparison

Study for Scheduling Problem at Educational Institutions", This research compares different optimization algorithms for solving scheduling problems in educational institutions. It evaluates algorithms based on efficiency, conflict resolution, and adaptability. The study identifies the strengths and weaknesses of various techniques, helping institutions choose the best approach. The paper also explores real-world case studies. [4] Saniya Sharma, 2024 "Automated Timetable Generation for Academic Institutions", This paper presents an automated system for generating academic timetables, minimizing human intervention. The system ensures proper allocation of resources, faculty, and student schedules. It reduces scheduling conflicts and improves efficiency. The research focuses on implementing algorithms to streamline the timetable creation process.[5] "OptiSchedule Algorithm for Automatic Time Table Generator". This paper discusses a system that automates scheduling for universities, ensuring efficient resource allocation. It addresses challenges like class overlap, faculty workload distribution, and classroom constraints. The system uses optimization techniques to generate conflict-free schedules. The research aims to simplify the complex process of university scheduling. [6] This paper discusses a system that automates scheduling for universities, ensuring efficient resource allocation. It addresses challenges like class overlap, faculty workload distribution, and classroom constraints. The system uses optimization techniques to generate conflict-free schedules. The research aims to simplify the complex process of university scheduling.[7]"A Comparative Analysis of Manual and Automatic Timetabling Approaches in Higher Education". The study compares manual scheduling with automated timetable generation in educational institutions. It highlights the inefficiencies of traditional methods and the advantages of automation. The paper discusses different scheduling algorithms and their effectiveness. It also examines real-world case studies to show the impact of automation.[8] This research focuses on optimizing faculty schedules using mathematical models and algorithms. It aims to balance faculty workload while ensuring efficient

time slot allocation. The paper discusses challenges like faculty preferences and subject distribution. The proposed system reduces conflicts and improves scheduling efficiency.[9] This paper explores how AI can improve automated scheduling in educational institutions. It discusses machine learning techniques that predict the best schedule based on past data. AI-based systems improve accuracy, flexibility, and conflict resolution. The research emphasizes the growing role of AI in academic scheduling.[10] The study examines the use of genetic algorithms for optimizing timetables. It explains how these algorithms evolve better scheduling solutions over time. The research highlights their ability to handle complex scheduling constraints efficiently. [11] This research focuses on using genetic algorithms to optimize curriculum scheduling. It aims to minimize conflicts and improve efficiency in academic institutions. The paper discusses the advantages of evolutionary computing in handling scheduling constraints. The study provides insights into the practical implementation of genetic algorithms in education.[12] This paper surveys AI and machine learning applications in academic scheduling. It reviews various AI-based techniques used to generate timetables. The study highlights advancements in automation and their impact on scheduling efficiency. It provides a comparative analysis of different AI-driven scheduling models.[13] This study focuses on optimizing faculty schedules. It uses advanced algorithms to improve workload distribution and prevent conflicts. The research highlights techniques for better timetable management. The findings suggest improved scheduling efficiency through automation. [14]. This research reviews automated scheduling techniques. It compares AI-based and traditional approaches to timetable generation. The study highlights challenges in automation and how modern solutions address them. It provides insights into improving scheduling efficiency in academic institutions.[15] The assessment is done with different machine learning algorithms by comparative testing of system performance. Algorithmic performance is determined in terms of prime measures such as cross-validation score, recall, F1-score, precision, and accuracy [16].

3. Methodology

The proposed system can be developed through a structured and risk-managed approach that encompasses five main phases: Requirement Analysis, Data Collection & Preprocessing, System Implementation & Integration, Testing & Validation and Deployment & Continuous Improvement. Figure 1 shows System Architecture.

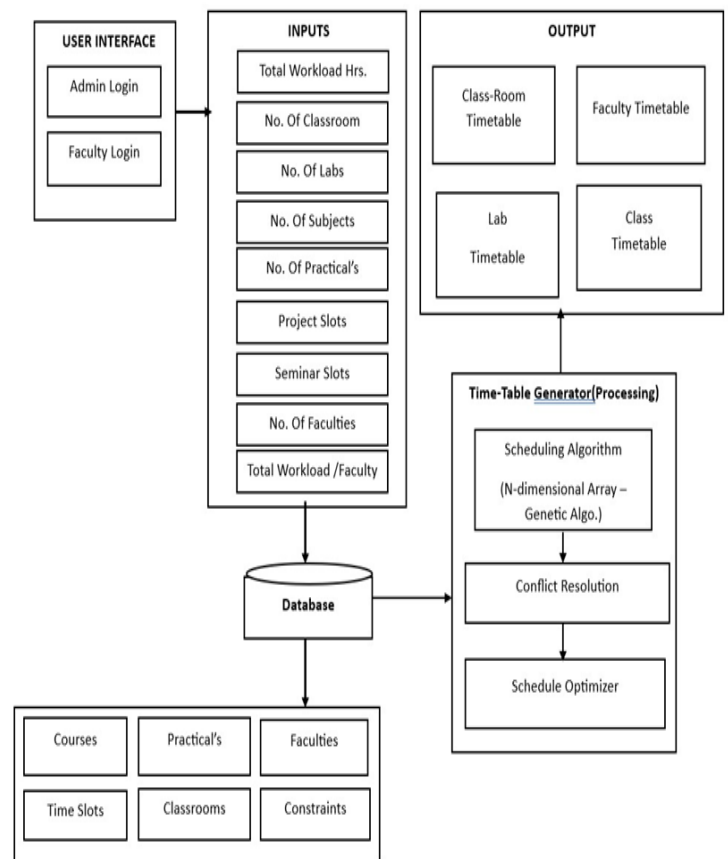


Figure 1 System Architecture

3.1 User Interface

This includes following points:

- **Admin Login:** Allows the administrator to access the system, input constraints, configure faculty workload, and oversee the generated timetable.
- **Faculty Login:** Allows faculty members to view their assigned schedules.

3.2 Inputs

The system required the inputs for timetable generation:

- **Total Workload Hrs.:** Total teaching hours required per week.
- **No. of Classrooms:** The number of available classrooms.
- **No. of Labs:** Available laboratories for practical sessions.
- **No. of Subjects:** Subjects offered in a semester.
- **No. of Practical's:** Number of practical sessions required.
- **Project Slots:** Dedicated slots for project discussions or mentoring.
- **Seminar Slots:** Allocated time for seminars and presentations.
- **No. of Faculties:** Number of available faculty members.
- **Total Workload per Faculty:** Maximum teaching load assigned to each faculty member.

3.3 Database

The database stores various details:

- **Courses:** Information about subjects and courses.
- **Practical's:** Details of practical sessions.
- **Faculties:** Faculty details, including availability and workload.
- **Time Slots:** Available slots for scheduling.
- **Classrooms:** Information on classrooms and lab availability.
- **Constraints:** Predefined constraints such as faculty availability, classroom capacities, and scheduling rules.

3.4 Time-Table Processing

Its works on following methods:

Scheduling Algorithm (N-dimensional Array – Genetic Algorithm):

- Uses advanced scheduling techniques, including genetic algorithms, to allocate time slots efficiently.
- Ensures minimum clashes and maximum utilization of available resources.

Conflict Resolution

- Identifies conflicts in the schedule, such as overlapping faculty sessions or double-booked classrooms.

- Resolves issues using alternative allocations or shifting time slots.

Schedule Optimizer:

- Enhances the timetable by balancing faculty workloads and ensuring even distribution of lectures.
- Aims for an optimal schedule with minimal gaps.

3.5 Outputs

Once the process is completed, then system generates different types of timetables:

- **Classroom Timetable:** Schedule for all classrooms, showing which class is held at what time.
- **Faculty Timetable:** Individual schedule for each faculty member.
- **Lab Timetable:** Dedicated schedule for laboratory sessions.
- **Class Timetable:** Complete schedule for each class or batch of students
- The system successfully generates conflict-free timetables, ensuring no overlapping subjects, faculty, or classrooms.
- Optimized resource utilization effectively balances faculty workload and maximizes classroom and lab usage.
- The web-based interface enhances accessibility and ease of use for students, faculty, and administrators.
- Real-time validation and error-handling mechanisms minimize scheduling errors and improve accuracy.

Conclusion

The Study is confirmed timetable generation system is a structured framework that automates scheduling for classrooms, faculty, and labs by leveraging a database-driven approach and advanced scheduling algorithms like genetic algorithms. The system takes inputs such as workload hours, available classrooms, faculty details, and subject requirements to efficiently allocate time slots while resolving conflicts and optimizing schedules. The database plays a crucial role in storing essential data, including course details, faculty availability, time slots, and constraints, ensuring that the generated timetable adheres to

institutional guidelines. By integrating conflict resolution and schedule optimization, the system ensures a fair and efficient distribution of workload while minimizing scheduling clashes. The output includes various timetables, such as faculty-specific schedules, classroom allocations, and lab sessions, providing an organized structure for academic activities. With a user-friendly interface for both admins and faculty, this system enhances efficiency, reduces manual effort, and improves overall academic planning.

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