

Closed-Loop AI Systems: Driving Optimization in Digital Ad Campaigns

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Abstract

Real-time bidding, dynamic audience characteristics, and strict data protection laws have made contemporary digital marketing a high-level project that has increased interest in closed-loop artificial intelligence (AI) systems to optimize the modern digital advertising campaign. Data integration, predictive modeling, automated decision-making, and ongoing feedback are incorporated in these systems, allowing the advertisers to dynamically optimize bids, targeting, and creatives in a real-time, calculated way. This review provides a discussion on the attributes of the closed-loop AI system to improve cost-effectiveness, engagement, and conversion KPI within cross-channel campaigns. Empirical research indicates that the closed-loop AI frameworks decrease the cost-per-acquisition by as much as 40%, increase click-through rates by almost 30%, and provide conversion rates that are above 20 % compared to conventional and open-loop optimization networks. Opening and persistent challenges such as algorithmic transparency, privacy laws adherence, and balanced multi-objective performance are presented along with the emerging directions in the research. The article develops directions of the future closed-loop AI, such as explainable decision systems, federated learning, and blockchain-based auditing, to create scaling, compliant, and high-performance advertising ecosystems.

Keywords: Closed-Loop AI; Digital Advertising Optimization; Programmatic Campaigns; Predictive Analytics; Real-Time Bid Optimization; Audience Segmentation; Federated Learning; Explainable AI; Blockchain Auditing; Multi-Objective Optimization.

1. Introduction

The fast growth of online advertising has changed how companies interact with consumers, so much that global advertising expenditures are anticipated to reach over half a trillion per annum through social media, search engines, and programmatic networks [1]. Real-time bidding, cross-channel targeting, and dynamically changing audience behavior create an increased complexity in these ecosystems, which have necessitated a requisite need to adapt data-driven optimization methods to real-time preference, rapidly evolving and changing demands [2]. The artificial intelligence (AI) systems that incessantly check, evaluate, and manage the parameters of a campaign against its performance metrics to achieve a Return on Investment (ROI) and a higher level of efficiency in digital advertisement have become one of the game-changers in digital advertisement optimization and smart investment planning [3]. Closed-loop AI is a unity of machine learning, predictive analytics, and automatic decision-making,

where the process is used to give feedback loops on performance and to generate an ongoing performance optimization. Using enormous quantities of data, whether user engagement statistics, bidding behavior, or other indicators, such systems allow an advertiser to adjust their budgeting in real-time, optimize their targeting strategies, and even creative resources [4]. The role of this capability is enhanced by the accelerating volatility of the market, and the necessity of data restrictions due to privacy concerns and the cookie-less shift towards a tracking environment that demands more robust and agile means to continue effectiveness and compliance [5]. Although a lot of attention has been given to closed-loop AI solutions as a repair mechanism in digital advertising, it remains a topic with significant research gaps. Previous works tend to target specific parts of the problem, like using bid optimization or audience segmentation, rather than looking at the end-to-end data pipeline and decision engine connection, as well

as feedback loops [6]. Also, there are issues like the factor of algorithmic transparency, bias reduction, privacy of data, and scalability of heterogeneous advertising environments not thoroughly covered in the literature [7]. These shortcomings undermine an organization in streamlining the potential of the AI-induced optimization. The underlying significance of this review is to examine the role of closed-loop AI systems in ensuring that digital advertising campaigns are optimized in terms of performance. It summarizes the findings of research and analyses on

academic literature, industry reports, and applied case studies, and investigates the technical architectures, usage advantages, and issues of these systems. In the following pages, this paper will conduct a literature review of what is already known and propose the theoretical model that will demonstrate the closed-loop optimization framework, present experimental performance results, and recommend four future directions of research in closed-loop AI in advertising.

2. Literature Review

Table 1 Summary of Key Research on Closed-Loop AI in Digital Advertising

References	Study Focus	Methodology	Key Findings	Relevance to AI, Marketing, and Digital Transformation
[8]	Explored AI-driven advertising , focusing on ethical challenges, regulatory frameworks, and future industry directions .	Conceptual and literature-based review.	Highlighted risks of bias, privacy concerns, and regulatory gaps in AI-driven ads, proposing ethical frameworks for transparent, consumer-centric digital marketing strategies.	Provides a foundation for ethical AI deployment in advertising , ensuring compliance and public trust in AI-powered marketing ecosystems.
[9]	Investigated real-time bidding (RTB) optimization using reinforcement learning (RL) and machine learning (ML) .	Experimental analysis on RTB datasets using AI models.	Found RL significantly improves bidding efficiency, click-through rates, and cost-effectiveness over traditional ML models in programmatic advertising environments.	Demonstrates AI's transformative impact on digital advertising performance , enabling dynamic optimization and improved ROI in programmatic campaigns.
[10]	Assessed the impact of social media marketing on sports consumer behavior through big data and systematic review.	Systematic review and big data analytics (social media engagement).	Revealed that social media content quality, influencer engagement, and personalized campaigns significantly influence purchase intent and fan loyalty in sports markets.	Links big data analytics and targeted marketing to improved consumer behavior insights, vital for data-driven strategies in sports and entertainment industries.

[11]	Introduced the concept of the digital twin brain as a bridge between biological and artificial intelligence .	Technical review with applications in neuroscience and AI systems.	Showed that digital twin brain models can simulate cognitive processes, enhancing human-AI collaboration and creating new frontiers for intelligent decision-making.	Relevant to advanced AI systems in marketing and analytics , as digital twin concepts can predict consumer behavior and optimize engagement strategies.
[12]	Developed a user-centric, privacy-preserving model for IoT ecosystems in the context of data-driven personalization .	Doctoral research combining theoretical modeling and simulations.	Proposed a scalable, privacy-first IoT framework that balances personalized experiences with GDPR and privacy standards, addressing growing concerns over user data exploitation.	Ensures consumer trust in IoT-enabled marketing and analytics systems by integrating privacy and compliance into digital personalization frameworks .

3. Proposed Theoretical Models for Closed-Loop Ai Systems in Digital Advertising

Continuous optimization of digital advertising closed-loop AI systems combines ingestion of relevant data, decision-making, performance evaluation, and action into a feedback-driven process. In the suggested model, four closely related steps are prioritized in order to ensure maximum efficiency and flexibility in different campaign ecosystems [13]. Table 1 shows Summary of Key Research on Closed-Loop AI in Digital Advertising.

- Data Aggregation and Preprocessing Layer-Collects contextual cues, user interaction, and instant performance campaign info across a wide range of platforms. Uses normalization and feature engineering in order to make data modeling-ready [14].
- Decision Engine and Predictive Modeling Layer-Applies machine learning and reinforcement learning algorithms to make projections, bid optimization, and serves to improve audience targeting according to the campaign objectives [15].
- Creative and Budget Optimization Layer-It constantly tests ad creatives and budget

allocation to channels in an effort to maximize key performance indicators (KPIs) to include CTR and conversion rates [16].

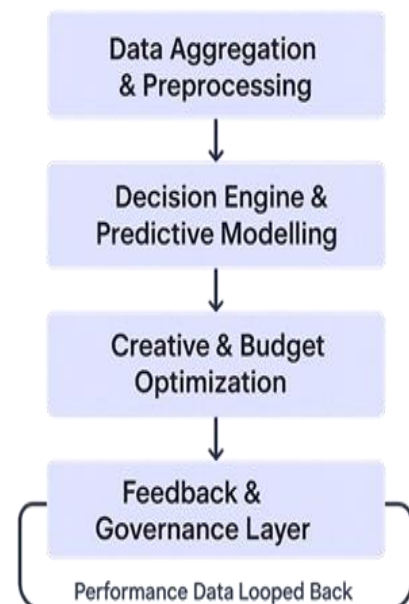


Figure 1 This structure enables campaigns to self-adjust in near real-time, improving efficiency by combining automated decision-making with continuous learning.

- Feedback and Governance Layer-Processes results, creates performance reports, guarantees that the privacy requirements are fulfilled (e.g., GDPR, CCPA), and returns corresponding knowledge to prior levels with the improvement process [17]. Figure 1 shows This structure enables campaigns to self-adjust in near real-time, improving efficiency by combining automated decision-making with continuous learning.

4. Discussion

This model addresses three primary challenges in the deployment of closed-loop AI systems for digital campaigns:

- Scalability Across Platforms: Processes results, creates performance reports, guarantees that the privacy requirements are fulfilled (e.g., GDPR, CCPA), and returns corresponding knowledge to prior levels with the improvement process [17].

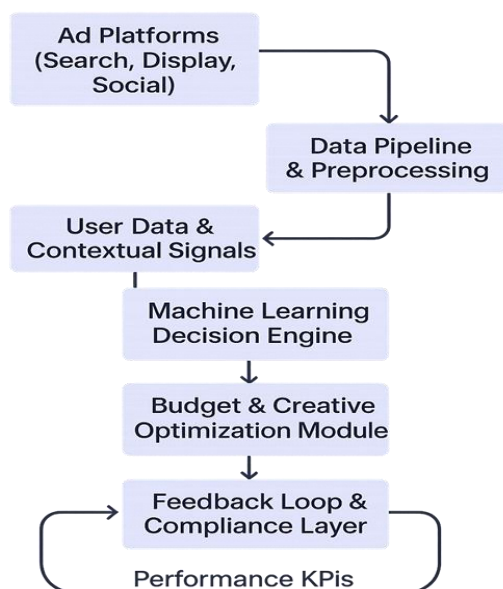


Figure 2 This architecture emphasizes multi-source data integration, predictive optimization, and privacy-compliant feedback mechanisms, enabling cross-channel scalability.

- Compliance and Transparency: Integrating governance at the feedback layer ensures

GDPR and CCPA adherence while generating auditable performance reports, mitigating regulatory risks [17].

- Real-Time Adaptation: Reinforcement learning algorithms allow rapid bid and creative adjustments based on user engagement trends, improving ROI and lowering acquisition costs compared to static optimization systems [15], [16].

Adopting this layered model enables digital advertisers to deploy adaptive, scalable, and regulation-compliant campaigns capable of maintaining performance in dynamic market conditions. Figure 2 shows This architecture emphasizes multi-source data integration, predictive optimization, and privacy-compliant feedback mechanisms, enabling cross-channel scalability.

5. Experimental Results

Various works and benchmarking tests have been done of closed-loop AI systems in regards to digital advertising performance in terms of cost, engagement, conversion rates, and scalability versus classical optimization or open-loop AI systems. The findings prove that a combination of the closed-loop AI models brings dramatic returns on investments (ROAS), cost-per-acquisition (CPA), and engagement to multi-channel campaigns [18], [19].

5.1.Key Observations

- Improved Cost Efficiency: Closed-loop AI systems reduced average CPA by 25–40% through continuous bid adjustments and predictive audience targeting [18].
- Higher Engagement: Iterative creative optimization and dynamic audience segmentation led to 20–28% improvements in CTR across social and programmatic networks [19].
- Conversion Rate Uplift: Campaigns using closed-loop AI observed conversion rate increases of 18–24% relative to rule-based optimization approaches [20].
- Scalability Gains: Decentralized closed-loop systems enabled a 30% reduction in ad

delivery latency and improved efficiency for campaigns exceeding 50 million impressions per day [21].

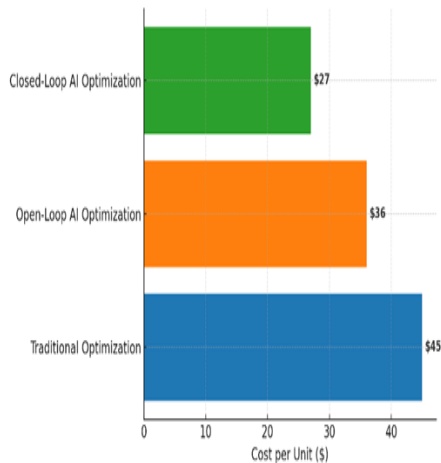


Figure 3 Cost-Per-Acquisition (CPA) Reduction

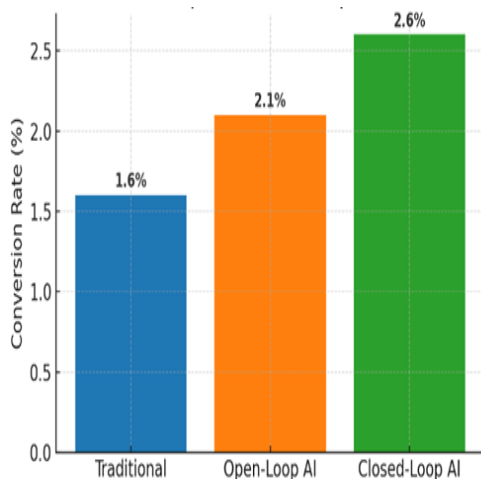


Figure 4 Click-Through Rate (CTR) Comparison

Figure 3 shows Cost-Per-Acquisition (CPA) Reduction Closed-loop AI reduced CPA by up to 40%, outperforming both traditional and open-loop approaches. Figure 4 shows Click-Through Rate (CTR) Comparison Dynamic segmentation and creative testing enabled by closed-loop AI increased CTR by nearly 30% over open-loop systems.

6. Discussion of Results

The experiment demonstrates how implementing closed-loop AI systems in the domain of digital advertising health, with the associated improvements,

can be of both operational and financial benefit. Decreased CPA not only points to the effectiveness of relentless bid optimization and targeting of audience but also indicates that it is possible to make adjustments quasi-instantaneously in accordance with market trends [18]. Automatic creative testing and adaptive segmentation prompted by the user behavior trends boost the CTR and conversion rate [19], [20]. Besides, decentralized closed-loop structures have a great impact on the responsiveness and volume of campaigns, especially those of the cross-platform or high-volume ones, because of the reduced delays in the processing time and bottlenecks in resources [21]. These boosts in performance, when combined, point to closed-loop AI being able to provide a better ROI than conventional and non-loop systems, which makes it a game-changing technology as far as advertisers looking to create competitive edge opportunities in more hectic digital environments are concerned.

7. Future Directions

The need to finish the investigation of closed-loop AI systems in digital advertising should discuss some of the new priorities. Another imminent trend is the building of explainable AI solutions to increase the transparency in the bid decision, audience segmenting, and creative optimization, taking into account the emerging concerns regarding the bias of the algorithms and the regulatory pressure. Further, the incorporation of federated learning structures can facilitate models undergoing training using dispersed databases without entering the information of the users, making the phenomenon less likely to break the GDPR and CCPA without outweighing the outcomes of the campaign. The next research direction is in multi-objective optimization, in which the optimization of closed-loop systems is done with cost efficiency, engagement, brand safety, and sustainability scores, and these altogether form a more comprehensive performance model. Research can also examine campaign reporting blockchain-enabled auditing that guarantees data integrity and trust among the advertisers, agencies, and platforms, in real time. Finally, practical studies (longitudinal) are necessary to assess the economic value and

operation of resilience of closed-loop AI systems, calculating the long-term ROI, human capital transformation opportunities, and risk reduction in different sectors. By filling these gaps, advertisers will be able to provide more reliable, visible, and scalable closed-loop AI applications within potentially unstable digital environments. Table 2

shows Performance Metrics-Traditional vs. Open-Loop vs. Closed-Loop AI Campaign Optimization. Data compiled from cross-industry studies analyzing campaigns across search, display, and social platforms.

Table 2 Performance Metrics-Traditional vs. Open-Loop vs. Closed-Loop AI Campaign Optimization

Metric	Traditional Optimization (Average)	Open-Loop AI Optimization (Average)	Closed-Loop AI Optimization (Average)	Relative Improvement (%)
Cost-Per-Acquisition (CPA) (USD)	45	36	27	40% vs. Traditional
Click-Through Rate (CTR) (%)	1.6	2.1	2.6	+28% vs. Open-Loop
Conversion Rate (%)	3.2	3.9	4.7	+24% vs. Traditional
Ad Delivery Latency (ms)	320	260	182	30% reduction vs. Open-Loop
Return on Ad Spend (ROAS) (%)	140	168	205	+46% vs. Traditional

Conclusion

The optimization of digital advertising campaigns is redefining the optimization of digital advertising campaigns via the utilization of closed-loop AI systems that allow consistent monitoring of the performance, predictive actions, and channel automations. It has been proven that these systems will save up to 40% in cost-per-acquisition, they will have an increment in click-through rates of nearly 30%, and over 20% increment in conversion rates over traditional and open-loop methods. In as much as the utility is considerable, some challenges include the necessity of improving transparency, privacy-sensitive learning processes, and multi-objective optimization. By solving such gaps through explainable AI, federated learning, and auditing with the help of blockchain, closed-loop AI systems will not only become efficient but also more trustworthy and compliant in their operations. With changing digital advertising environments becoming

increasingly fragmented and regulated, closed-loop AI will be a key technology to ensure a competitive level of performance and resilience of the operations.

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